

## **The Nazis Seize Power**

1920s economy improved and the Nazis were banned.

Hitler seemed to become democratic and the ban was lifted.

He reorganised the party.

Sections for women and children were established.

His team:

- Goebbles. Propaganda
- Goring. Second in command
- Hess. Hitler's secretary
- Himmler Law and order
- Alfred Rosenberg. Party philosopher.

## **The Breakthrough**

1928 got only 12 seats.

The Depression struck.

H promised jobs, land to tenants, government contracts to business and to build up the army.

1932 they had 230 seats out of 650.

Hindenburg didn't like Hitler but Von Papen and then Von Schleicher did not have the support of the Reichstag and eventually had to make Hitler chancellor in 1933.

## **1933 Election**

1933 H called another election

Goring turned 50,000 SA into police and opposition disappeared.

Reichstag fire blamed on a Dutch socialist.

Hindenburg issued an emergency decree and Communists were banned and jailed.

Did not get an overall majority

March 1933 the Enabling Act allowed Hitler to act without parliament.

All other parties banned.

State governments dismissed and replaced with Reich governors.

The Nazi run Labour Front replaced the trade union movement.

1934 Hindenburg died and H became Fuhrer.

## **THE HOME RULE CRISIS: 1910-1914**

## 2.1 Opening the Way for Home Rule

Redmond, Dillon and Devlin V Carson and Craig  
British Reasons against Home Rule:

- Strategic Reasons
- Break-up of the Empire
- Racism

Reasons for:

- Embarrassed by bad government (Famine and poverty)
- Clear will of the majority of the Irish
- Disruption of parliament

Conservatives under Bonar Law were Unionist.

Liberals under Asquith were officially for Home Rule.

Labour for also but small.

1909 Lloyd George's Budget

1910 Home Rule Party wins balance of power

1911 Parliament Act

1912 Home Rule Act. Westminster still had control of Foreign affairs, foreign trade, army, police, post, the monarchy and taxation.

## 2.2 Unionists Oppose Home Rule

September 1912 Solemn League and Covenant.

1913 UVF

## 2.3 Partition and the Nationalist Response

Craig for and Carson against.

Redmond against but Liberals said talk or no Home Rule.

Secret talks with Carson concluded that in order to avoid civil war, Ulster would be excluded